UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

		FORM 10-	·Q		
\boxtimes	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTI	ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	E SECURITIES EXCH	ANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the	ne quarterly period ended	April 2, 2023		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTI	OR ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	E SECURITIES EXCH	ANGE ACT OF 1934	
		transition period from _ Commission file number	to		
		HERSHE		7	
		ERSHEY C		•	
	(Exact r Delaware	name of registrant as specifi	•	23-0691590	
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organ	ization)		loyer Identification No.)	
	(Address	st Chocolate Avenue, Here of principal executive offi (717) 534-4200 ant's telephone number, inc	ces and Zip Code)		
Secur	(Former nam rities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act Title of each class	Not Applicable e or former address, if chai : Trading Symbol(s)		each exchange on which register	red
	Common Stock, one dollar par value	HSY		New York Stock Exchange	cu
during requir Indica Regul Yes x	ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed g the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period ements for the past 90 days. Yes x No ate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted ation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preced No at the content of the preceding th	l that the registrant was re electronically every Intera ing 12 months (or for such	quired to file such report ctive Data File required t shorter period that the re	rts), and (2) has been subject to s to be submitted pursuant to Rule 4 gistrant was required to submit suc	uch filing 05 of ch files).
emerg	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acce ging growth company. See the definitions of "large acc any" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):	elerated filer, an accelerated elerated	filer, a non-accelerated filer," "smaller reporting	filer, a smaller reporting company, g company" and "emerging growth	or an
Lar	ge accelerated filer $$ X $$ Accelerated filer $$ $$ $$ Nor	a-accelerated filer	maller reporting compan	y 🛚 Emerging growth compa	ny 🗆
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if t ised financial accounting standards provided pursuant			nsition period for complying with a	iny new
Indica	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com	pany (as defined in Rule 12	2b-2 of the Exchange Act	t). Yes 🗆 No x	
Indica	te the number of shares outstanding of each of the reg Common Stock, one dollar par value—147,284,984 Class B Common Stock, one dollar par value—57,	shares, as of April 21, 202	23.	acticable date.	

THE HERSHEY COMPANY Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q For the Period Ended April 2, 2023

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${\bf PART~I-FINANCIAL~INFORMATION}$

Item 1. Financial Statements.

THE HERSHEY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

		Three Months Ended					
	A	pril 2, 2023		April 3, 2022			
Net sales	\$	2,987,614	\$	2,666,221			
Cost of sales		1,605,292		1,420,741			
Gross profit		1,382,322		1,245,480			
Selling, marketing and administrative expense		581,587		524,216			
Business realignment costs		811		274			
Operating profit		799,924		720,990			
Interest expense, net		37,685		33,179			
Other (income) expense, net		2,983		10,407			
Income before income taxes		759,256		677,404			
Provision for income taxes		172,071		143,926			
Net income	\$	587,185	\$	533,478			
Net income per share—basic:							
Common stock	\$	2.94	\$	2.66			
Class B common stock	\$	2.67	\$	2.42			
Net income per share—diluted:							
Common stock	\$	2.85	\$	2.57			
Class B common stock	\$	2.66	\$	2.41			
Dividends paid per share:							
Common stock	\$	1.036	\$	0.901			
Class B common stock	\$	0.942	\$	0.819			

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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THE HERSHEY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands)

(unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended

		A	pril 2, 2023				A	pril 3, 2022	
	re-Tax mount	Tax (Expense) Benefit		After-Tax Amount	Pre-Tax Amount		Ta	x (Expense) Benefit	After-Tax Amount
Net income				\$ 587,185					\$ 533,478
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments:									
Foreign currency translation (losses) gains during period	\$ 8,940	\$	_	8,940	\$	14,419	\$	_	14,419
Pension and post-retirement benefit plans:									
Net actuarial (loss) gain and service cost	19		2	21		(6,474)		(568)	(7,042)
Reclassification to earnings	3,227		(774)	2,453		3,960		(950)	3,010
Cash flow hedges:									
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging derivatives	1,448		541	1,989		(5,924)		874	(5,050)
Reclassification to earnings	2,007		(1,084)	923		2,596		(727)	1,869
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	\$ 15,641	\$	(1,315)	14,326	\$	8,577	\$	(1,371)	 7,206
Comprehensive income				\$ 601,511					\$ 540,684

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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THE HERSHEY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

(iii tiiousanus, except snare uata	1)			
		April 2, 2023		December 31, 2022
		(unaudited)		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	460,346	\$	463,889
Accounts receivable—trade, net		856,841		711,203
Inventories		1,180,367		1,173,119
Prepaid expenses and other		228,546		272,195
Total current assets		2,726,100		2,620,406
Property, plant and equipment, net		2,822,238		2,769,702
Goodwill		2,607,833		2,606,956
Other intangibles		1,947,584		1,966,269
Other non-current assets		964,993		944,989
Deferred income taxes		42,770		40,498
Total assets	\$	11,111,518	\$	10,948,820
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	•			
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,004,907	\$	970,558
Accrued liabilities		780,195		832,518
Accrued income taxes		135,071		6,710
Short-term debt		603,089		693,790
Current portion of long-term debt		758,086		753,578
Total current liabilities	'	3,281,348		3,257,154
Long-term debt		3,341,375		3,343,977
Other long-term liabilities		712,143		719,742
Deferred income taxes		318,287		328,403
Total liabilities		7,653,153		7,649,276
Stockholders' equity:				
The Hershey Company stockholders' equity				
Preferred stock, shares issued: none in 2023 and 2022		_		_
Common stock, shares issued: 164,439,248 at April 2, 2023 and 163,439,248 at December 31, 2022		164,439		163,439
Class B common stock, shares issued: 57,113,777 at April 2, 2023 and 58,113,777 at December 31, 2022		57,114		58,114
Additional paid-in capital		1,285,412		1,296,572
Retained earnings		3,970,562		3,589,781
Treasury—common stock shares, at cost: 17,179,435 at April 2, 2023 and 16,588,308 at December 31, 2022		(1,781,155)		(1,556,029)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(238,007)		(252,333)
Total stockholders' equity		3,458,365		3,299,544
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	11,111,518	\$	10,948,820
rotal habilities and stockholders equity	Ψ	11,111,510	Ψ	10,5-0,020

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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THE HERSHEY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

(in thousands) (unaudited)

(unaudicu)				
		Three Mor		
	Ap	oril 2, 2023	A	pril 3, 2022
Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	587,185	\$	533,478
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		98,199		91,036
Stock-based compensation expense		18,992		15,337
Deferred income taxes		(11,250)		5,064
Write-down of equity investments				12,592
Other		22,347		24,043
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable—trade, net		(140,962)		(189,621)
Inventories		(3,263)		(37,320)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(172)		(11,251)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,054		98,027
Accrued income taxes		174,201		127,258
Contributions to pension and other benefit plans		(6,532)		(8,458)
Other assets and liabilities		598		(3,718)
Net cash provided by operating activities		755,397		656,467
Investing Activities				
Capital additions (including software)		(176,093)		(141,063)
Equity investments in tax credit qualifying partnerships		(12,309)		(22,503)
Other investing activities		85		(400)
Net cash used in investing activities		(188,317)		(163,966)
Financing Activities				
Net decrease in short-term debt		(90,700)		(65,640)
Repayment of long-term debt and finance leases		(1,187)		(1,050)
Cash dividends paid		(207,356)		(181,084)
Repurchase of common stock		(239,910)		(203,350)
Proceeds from exercised stock options		15,194		16,711
Taxes withheld and paid on employee stock awards		(28,289)		(29,041)
Net cash used in financing activities		(552,248)		(463,454)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(18,375)		(20,258)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,543)		8,789
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		463,889		329,266
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	460,346	\$	338,055
Supplemental Disclosure				
Interest paid	\$	32,987	\$	24,782
Income taxes paid	Ψ	12,279	~	10,023
		,-/3		10,020

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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THE HERSHEY COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Three Months Ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 (in thousands) (unaudited)

	eferred Stock	C	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	dditional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings		Treasury Common Stock	Con	cumulated Other nprehensive ss) Income	Sto	Total ockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ _	\$	163,439	\$ 58,114	\$ 1,296,572	\$ 3,589,78	1	\$ (1,556,029)	\$	(252,333)	\$	3,299,544
Net income						587,18	5					587,185
Other comprehensive income										14,326		14,326
Dividends (including dividend equivalents):												
Common Stock, \$1.036 per share						(152,60	3)					(152,603)
Class B Common Stock, \$0.942 per share						(53,80	1)					(53,801)
Conversion of Class B Common Stock into Common Stock			1,000	(1,000)								_
Stock-based compensation					18,948							18,948
Exercise of stock options and incentive-based transactions					(30,108)			17,013				(13,095)
Repurchase of common stock (including excise tax)								(242,139)				(242,139)
Balance, April 2, 2023	\$ _	\$	164,439	\$ 57,114	\$ 1,285,412	\$ 3,970,56	2	\$ (1,781,155)	\$	(238,007)	\$	3,458,365

										-		cumulated		m . 1
	Prefer Stoo		C	Common Stock	Co	llass B mmon Stock	A	dditional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Common Stock	Con	Other prehensive ss) Income	Sto	Total ockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	_	\$	160,939	\$	60,614	\$	1,260,331	\$ 2,719,936	\$ (1,195,376)	\$	(249,215)	\$	2,757,229
Net income									533,478					533,478
Other comprehensive income												7,206		7,206
Dividends (including dividend equivalents):														
Common Stock, \$0.901 per share									(133,174)					(133,174)
Class B Common Stock, \$0.819 per share									(48,824)					(48,824)
Conversion of Class B Common Stock into Common Stock				1,000		(1,000)								_
Stock-based compensation								15,314						15,314
Exercise of stock options and incentive-based transactions								(32,405)		20,075				(12,330)
Repurchase of common stock										(203,350)				(203,350)
Balance, April 3, 2022	\$	_	\$	161,939	\$	59,614	\$	1,243,240	\$ 3,071,416	\$ (1,378,651)	\$	(242,009)	\$	2,915,549

See Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements provided in this report include the accounts of The Hershey Company (the "Company," "Hershey," "we" or "us") and our majority-owned subsidiaries and entities in which we have a controlling financial interest after the elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. We have a controlling financial interest if we own a majority of the outstanding voting common stock and minority shareholders do not have substantive participating rights, we have significant control through contractual or economic interests in which we are the primary beneficiary or we have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. We use the equity method of accounting when we have a 20% to 50% interest in other companies and exercise significant influence. Other investments that are not controlled, and over which we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence, are accounted for under the cost method. Both equity and cost method investments are included as Other noncurrent assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial reporting and with the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not contain certain information and disclosures required by GAAP for comprehensive financial statements. The financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations, financial position, and cash flows for the indicated periods.

Operating results for the quarter ended April 2, 2023 may not be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023 because of seasonal effects on our business. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (our "2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K"), which provides a more complete understanding of our accounting policies, financial position, operating results and other matters.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. The ASU is intended to provide temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the GAAP guidance on contract modifications and hedge accounting to ease the financial reporting burdens related to the expected market transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates. Entities may apply this ASU upon issuance through December 31, 2022 on a prospective basis. We early adopted the provisions of this ASU in the first quarter of 2022. Adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-04, Liabilities—Supplier Finance Programs (Subtopic 405-50): Disclosure of Supplier Finance Program Obligations. This ASU requires a buyer in a supplier finance program to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about the program including the program's nature, activity during the period, changes from period to period and potential magnitude. ASU 2022-04 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022 and interim periods within those annual periods. A rollforward of obligations during the annual period, including the amount of obligations confirmed and obligations subsequently paid, is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023 with early adoption permitted. This ASU should be applied retrospectively to each period in which a balance sheet is presented, except for the amendment on rollforward information, which should be applied prospectively. We early adopted provisions of this ASU in the fourth quarter of 2022, with the exception of the amendment on rollforward information, which will be adopted in the fourth quarter of 2023. As a result of the adoption of this new standard, we made the required disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU No. 2021-08, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers. This ASU requires an acquirer to recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Revenue from

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) rather than adjust them to fair value at the acquisition date. ASU 2021-08 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022 and interim periods within those annual periods. This ASU should be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring on or after the date of adoption. As a result, we adopted the provisions of this ASU in the first quarter of 2023. This new standard will be applied in relevant future acquisitions.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In March 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-02, Investments - Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in tax credit structures using the proportional amortization method. This ASU allows entities to elect the proportional amortization method for all tax equity investments, regardless of how the tax credits are received as long as certain criteria are met. This ASU may be applied in a modified retrospective or retrospective basis and an entity must evaluate the investments in which it still expects to receive tax credits or other income tax benefits as of the beginning of the earliest period presented. ASU 2023-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods within those annual periods. We are currently evaluating the impact of the new standard on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

No other new accounting pronouncement issued or effective during the fiscal year had or is expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

2. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Manufacturing Capacity

On April 14, 2023, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire certain assets that provide additional manufacturing capacity from Weaver Popcorn Manufacturing, Inc., a leader in the production and co-packing of microwave popcorn and ready-to-eat popcorn, and a co-manufacturer of the Company's SkinnyPop brand. Through the transaction, the Company will mainly acquire property, plant and equipment, as well as leased manufacturing facilities in Indiana and Pennsylvania. The purchase consideration totaled approximately \$164,000 and will be financed with cash on hand and short-term borrowings. The acquisition is subject to customary regulatory approvals and is expected to close during the second quarter of 2023.

Pretzels Inc.

On December 14, 2021, we completed the acquisition of Pretzels Inc. ("Pretzels"), previously a privately held company that manufactures and sells pretzels and other salty snacks for other branded products and private labels in the United States. Pretzels is an industry leader in the pretzel category with a product portfolio that includes filled, gluten free and seasoned pretzels, as well as extruded snacks that complements Hershey's snacks portfolio. Based in Bluffton, Indiana, Pretzels operates three manufacturing locations in Indiana and Kansas. Pretzels provides Hershey deep pretzel category and product expertise and the manufacturing capabilities to support brand growth and future pretzel innovation. The cash consideration paid for Pretzels totaled \$304,334 and consisted of cash on hand and short-term borrowings. Acquisition-related costs for the Pretzels acquisition were immaterial.

The acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination and, accordingly, Pretzels has been included within the North America Salty Snacks segment from the date of acquisition. The purchase consideration was allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values as follows:

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

Goodwill	\$ 166,191
Other intangible assets	26,100
Current assets acquired	30,835
Property, plant and equipment, net	100,716
Other non-current assets, primarily operating lease ROU assets	111,787
Deferred income taxes	773
Current liabilities acquired	(22,713)
Other long-term liabilities, primarily operating lease liabilities	(109,355)
Net assets acquired	\$ 304,334

The purchase price allocation presented above has been finalized as of the third quarter of 2022. The measurement period adjustments to the initial allocation were immaterial and based on more detailed information obtained about the specific assets acquired and liabilities assumed, specifically, post-closing adjustments to the working capital acquired including certain holdbacks.

Goodwill was determined as the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired (including the identifiable intangible assets). A portion of goodwill derived from this acquisition is deductible for tax purposes and reflects the value of leveraging our brand building expertise, supply chain capabilities and retail relationships to accelerate growth and access to the portfolio of Pretzels' products.

Other intangible assets include trademarks valued at \$5,700 and customer relationships valued at \$20,400. Trademarks were assigned an estimated useful life of five years and customer relationships were assigned an estimated useful life of 19 years.

Dot's Pretzels, LLC

On December 13, 2021, we completed the acquisition of Dot's Pretzels, LLC ("Dot's"), previously a privately held company that produces and sells pretzels and other snack food products to retailers and distributors in the United States, with *Dot's Homestyle Pretzels* snacks as its primary product. Dot's is the fastest-growing scale brand in the pretzel category and complements Hershey's snacks portfolio. The cash consideration paid for Dot's totaled \$891,169 and consisted of cash on hand and short-term borrowings. Acquisition-related costs for the Dot's acquisition were immaterial.

The acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination and, accordingly, Dot's has been included within the North America Salty Snacks segment from the date of acquisition. The purchase consideration was allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values as follows:

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Goodwill	\$ 284,427
Other intangible assets	543,100
Current assets acquired	51,121
Property, plant and equipment, net	40,266
Other non-current assets	2,201
Other liabilities assumed, primarily current liabilities	(29,946)
Net assets acquired	\$ 891,169

The purchase price allocation presented above has been finalized as of the third quarter of 2022. The measurement period adjustments to the initial allocation were immaterial and based on more detailed information obtained about the specific assets acquired and liabilities assumed, specifically, the refinement of certain assumptions in the value of customer relationships based on an analysis of historical customer-specific data and post-closing adjustments to the working capital acquired including certain holdbacks.

Goodwill was determined as the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired (including the identifiable intangible assets). The goodwill derived from this acquisition is deductible for tax purposes and reflects the value of leveraging our brand building expertise, supply chain capabilities and retail relationships to accelerate growth and access to the portfolio of Dot's products.

Other intangible assets include trademarks valued at \$336,600 and customer relationships valued at \$206,500. Trademarks were assigned an estimated useful life of 33 years and customer relationships were assigned an estimated useful life of 18 years.

3. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The changes in the carrying value of goodwill by reportable segment for the three months ended April 2, 2023 are as follows:

	I	North America Confectionery	Noi	rth America Salty Snacks	International	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	2,018,430	\$	571,770	\$ 16,756	\$ 2,606,956
Foreign currency translation		43		_	834	877
Balance at April 2, 2023	\$	2,018,473	\$	571,770	\$ 17,590	\$ 2,607,833

The following table provides the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization for each major class of intangible asset:

0 1 0 5 0				3		0			
		April	2, 2	023		Decembe	r 31, 2022		
	(Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount			Accumulated Amortization	
Intangible assets subject to amortization:									
Trademarks	\$	1,701,953	\$	(202,045)	\$	1,701,932	\$	(190,045)	
Customer-related		513,201		(100,650)		513,188		(93,495)	
Patents		8,056		(8,056)		8,053		(8,053)	
Total		2,223,210		(310,751)		2,223,173		(291,593)	
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:									
Trademarks		35,125				34,689			
Total other intangible assets	\$	1,947,584			\$	1,966,269			

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Total amortization expense for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 was \$19,177 and \$19,859, respectively.

4. SHORT AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Short-term Debt

As a source of short-term financing, we utilize cash on hand and commercial paper or bank loans with an original maturity of three months or less. As of April 2, 2023, we maintained a \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility (the "prior credit facility"). On April 26, 2023, we terminated the prior credit facility, which was scheduled to expire in July 2024, and entered into a new unsecured revolving credit facility (the "new credit facility"). The new credit facility allows the Company to borrow up to \$1.35 billion with the option to increase borrowings by an additional \$500 million with the consent of the lenders. The new credit facility is scheduled to expire on April 26, 2028; however, we may extend the termination date for up to two additional one-year periods upon notice to the administrative agent under the facility.

The credit agreements governing the prior credit facility and the new credit facility contains certain financial and other covenants, customary representations, warranties and events of default. As of April 2, 2023, we were in compliance with all covenants pertaining to the prior credit facility, and we had no significant compensating balance agreements that legally restricted these funds. For more information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In addition to the revolving credit facility, we maintain lines of credit with domestic and international commercial banks. Commitment fees relating to our revolving credit facility and lines of credit are not material. Short-term debt consisted of the following:

	$A_{\mathbf{l}}$	December 31, 2022		
Short-term foreign bank borrowings against lines of credit	\$	143,081	\$	135,555
U.S. commercial paper		460,008		558,235
Total short-term debt	\$	603,089	\$	693,790
Weighted average interest rate on outstanding commercial paper		4.8 %		4.3 %

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

Debt Type and Rate	Maturity Date	April 2, 2023	December 31, 2022
2.625% Notes	May 1, 2023	250,000	250,000
3.375% Notes	May 15, 2023	500,000	500,000
2.050% Notes	November 15, 2024	300,000	300,000
0.900% Notes	June 1, 2025	300,000	300,000
3.200% Notes	August 21, 2025	300,000	300,000
2.300% Notes	August 15, 2026	500,000	500,000
7.200% Debentures	August 15, 2027	193,639	193,639
2.450% Notes	November 15, 2029	300,000	300,000
1.700% Notes	June 1, 2030	350,000	350,000
3.375% Notes	August 15, 2046	300,000	300,000
3.125% Notes	November 15, 2049	400,000	400,000
2.650% Notes	June 1, 2050	350,000	350,000
Finance lease obligations (see Note 7)		74,319	73,479
Net impact of interest rate swaps, debt issuance costs and unamortized debt discounts		(18,497)	(19,563)
Total long-term debt		4,099,461	4,097,555
Less—current portion		758,086	753,578
Long-term portion		\$ 3,341,375	\$ 3,343,977

Interest Expense

Net interest expense consists of the following:

	Three Months Ended						
	 April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022				
Interest expense	\$ 42,506	\$	35,371				
Capitalized interest	(3,067)		(1,835)				
Interest expense	39,439		33,536				
Interest income	(1,754)		(357)				
Interest expense, net	\$ 37,685	\$	33,179				

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

We are exposed to market risks arising principally from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. We use certain derivative instruments to manage these risks. These include interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk, foreign currency forward exchange contracts to manage foreign currency exchange rate risk, and commodities futures and options contracts to manage commodity market price risk exposures.

In entering into these contracts, we have assumed the risk that might arise from the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. We mitigate this risk by entering into exchange-traded contracts with collateral posting requirements and/or by performing financial assessments prior to contract execution, conducting periodic evaluations of counterparty performance and maintaining a diverse portfolio of qualified counterparties. We do not expect any significant losses from counterparty defaults.

Commodity Price Risk

We enter into commodities futures and options contracts and other commodity derivative instruments to reduce the effect of future price fluctuations associated with the purchase of raw materials, energy requirements and transportation services. We generally hedge commodity price risks for 3- to 24month periods. Our open commodity derivative contracts had a notional value of \$172,299 as of April 2, 2023 and \$243,009 as of December 31, 2022.

Derivatives used to manage commodity price risk are not designated for hedge accounting treatment. Therefore, the changes in fair value of these derivatives are recorded as incurred within cost of sales. As discussed in Note 13, we define our segment income to exclude gains and losses on commodity derivatives until the related inventory is sold, at which time the related gains and losses are reflected within segment income. This enables us to continue to align the derivative gains and losses with the underlying economic exposure being hedged and thereby eliminate the mark-to-market volatility within our reported segment income.

Foreign Exchange Price Risk

We are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk related to our international operations, including non-functional currency intercompany debt and other non-functional currency transactions of certain subsidiaries. Principal currencies hedged include the euro, Canadian dollar, Japanese yen, British pound, Brazilian real, Malaysian ringgit, Mexican peso and Swiss franc. We typically utilize foreign currency forward exchange contracts to hedge these exposures for periods ranging from 3 to 12 months. The contracts are either designated as cash flow hedges or are undesignated. The net notional amount of foreign exchange contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges was \$30,781 at April 2, 2023 and \$59,448 at December 31, 2022. The effective portion of the changes in fair value on these contracts is recorded in other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period in which the hedged transactions affect earnings. The net notional amount of foreign exchange contracts that are not designated as accounting hedges was \$19,172 at April 2, 2023 and \$1,843 at December 31, 2022. The change in fair value on these instruments is recorded directly in cost of sales or selling, marketing and administrative expense, depending on the nature of the underlying exposure.

Interest Rate Risk

In order to manage interest rate exposure, from time to time, we enter into interest rate swap agreements to protect against unfavorable interest rate changes relating to forecasted debt transactions. These swaps, which are settled upon issuance of the related debt, are designated as cash flow hedges and the gains and losses that are deferred in other comprehensive income are being recognized as an adjustment to interest expense over the same period that the hedged interest payments affect earnings. We had interest rate swap agreements in a cash flow hedging relationship with a notional amount of \$750,000 at April 2, 2023 and none at December 31, 2022.

Equity Price Risk

We are exposed to market price changes in certain broad market indices related to our deferred compensation obligations to our employees. To mitigate this risk, we use equity swap contracts to hedge the portion of the exposure that is linked to market-level equity returns. These contracts are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes and are entered into for periods of 3 to 12 months. The change in fair value of these derivatives is recorded in selling,

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marketing and administrative expense, together with the change in the related liabilities. The notional amount of the contracts outstanding at April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$20,224 and \$18,803, respectively.

The following table presents the classification of derivative assets and liabilities within the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	April 2, 2023					December 31, 2022		
		Assets (1)		Liabilities (1)		Assets (1)		Liabilities (1)
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments:								
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	2,101	\$	1,330	\$	3,921	\$	261
Interest rate swap agreements		3,173		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_
		5,274		1,330		3,921		261
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:								
Commodities futures and options (2)		2,261		_		685		662
Deferred compensation derivatives		1,273		_		1,222		_
Foreign exchange contracts		382		<u> </u>		246		_
		3,916		_		2,153		662
Total	\$	9,190	\$	1,330	\$	6,074	\$	923

- (1) Derivative assets are classified on our Consolidated Balance Sheets within prepaid expenses and other as well as other non-current assets. Derivative liabilities are classified on our Consolidated Balance Sheets within accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities.
- (2) As of April 2, 2023, amounts reflected on a net basis in liabilities were assets of \$23,357 and liabilities of \$21,415, which are associated with cash transfers receivable or payable on commodities futures contracts reflecting the change in quoted market prices on the last trading day for the period. The comparable amounts reflected on a net basis in liabilities at December 31, 2022 were assets of \$25,308 and liabilities of \$25,296. At April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the remaining amount reflected in assets and liabilities related to the fair value of other non-exchange traded derivative instruments, respectively.

Income Statement Impact of Derivative Instruments

The effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 was as follows:

		Non-designa	ated I	Hedges	Cash Flow Hedges								
	Gai	ns (losses) reco		ed in income	Gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI")					Gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated OCI ("AOCI") into income (b)			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	2023		2022		
Commodities futures and options	\$	(10,614)	\$	50,825	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	
Foreign exchange contracts		369		(20)		(1,725)		(5,924)		762		203	
Interest rate swap agreements		_		_		3,173		_		(2,769)		(2,799)	
Deferred compensation derivatives		1,273		(800)									
Total	\$	(8,972)	\$	50,005	\$	1,448	\$	(5,924)	\$	(2,007)	\$	(2,596)	

(a) Gains (losses) recognized in income for non-designated commodities futures and options contracts were included in cost of sales. Gains (losses) recognized in income for non-designated foreign currency forward exchange contracts and deferred compensation derivatives were included in selling, marketing and administrative expenses.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

(b) Gains (losses) reclassified from AOCI into income for foreign currency forward exchange contracts were included in selling, marketing and administrative expenses. Losses reclassified from AOCI into income for interest rate swap agreements were included in interest expense.

The amount of pre-tax net losses on derivative instruments, including interest rate swap agreements and foreign currency forward exchange contracts expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months was approximately \$10,305 as of April 2, 2023. This amount is primarily associated with interest rate swap agreements.

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting guidance on fair value measurements requires that financial assets and liabilities be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories of the fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market.
- Level 2 Based on observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3 Based on unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

We did not have any Level 3 financial assets or liabilities, nor were there any transfers between levels during the periods presented.

The following table presents assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheets on a recurring basis as of April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	Assets (Liabilities)						
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
April 2, 2023:							
Derivative Instruments:							
Assets:							
Foreign exchange contracts (1)	\$ _	\$	2,483	\$	_	\$	2,483
Interest rate swap agreements (2)	_		3,173		_		3,173
Deferred compensation derivatives (3)	\$ _	\$	1,273	\$	_	\$	1,273
Commodities futures and options (4)	\$ 2,261	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,261
Liabilities:							
Foreign exchange contracts (1)	\$ _	\$	1,330	\$	_	\$	1,330
December 31, 2022:							
Assets:							
Foreign exchange contracts (1)	\$ _	\$	4,167	\$	_	\$	4,167
Deferred compensation derivatives (2)	\$ _	\$	1,222	\$	_	\$	1,222
Commodities futures and options (4)	\$ 685	\$	_	\$	_	\$	685
Liabilities:							
Foreign exchange contracts (1)	\$ _	\$	261	\$	_	\$	261
Commodities futures and options (4)	\$ 662	\$	_	\$	_	\$	662

- (1) The fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts is the difference between the contract and current market foreign currency exchange rates at the end of the period. We estimate the fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts on a quarterly basis by obtaining market quotes of spot and forward rates for contracts with similar terms, adjusted where necessary for maturity differences.
- (2) The fair value of interest rate swap agreements represents the difference in the present value of cash flows calculated at the contracted interest rates and at current market interest rates at the end of the period. We calculate the fair value of interest rate swap agreements quarterly based on the quoted market price for the same or similar financial instruments.



- (3) The fair value of deferred compensation derivatives is based on quoted prices for market interest rates and a broad market equity index.
- (4) The fair value of commodities futures and options contracts is based on quoted market prices.

Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt approximated fair values as of April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022 because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments.

The estimated fair value of our long-term debt is based on quoted market prices for similar debt issues and is, therefore, classified as Level 2 within the valuation hierarchy. The fair values and carrying values of long-term debt, including the current portion, were as follows:

	 Fair	ie	Carrying Value			
	April 2, 2023 December 31, 2022			 April 2, 2023		December 31, 2022
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 756,114	\$	749,345	\$ 758,086	\$	753,578
Long-term debt	2,937,295		2,854,165	3,341,375		3,343,977
Total	\$ 3,693,409	\$	3,603,510	\$ 4,099,461	\$	4,097,555

Other Fair Value Measurements

In addition to assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis, GAAP requires that, under certain circumstances, we also record assets and liabilities at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

In connection with the acquisitions of Pretzels and Dot's in December 2021 and subsequent measurement period adjustments through the third quarter of 2022, as discussed in Note 2, we used various valuation techniques to determine fair value, with the primary techniques being discounted cash flow analysis and the relief-from-royalty, a form of the multi-period excess earnings, which use significant unobservable inputs, or Level 3 inputs, as defined by the fair value hierarchy.

7. LEASES

We lease office and retail space, warehouse and distribution facilities, land, vehicles, and equipment. We determine if an agreement is or contains a lease at inception. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the consolidated balance sheet.

Right-of-use ("ROU") assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are based on the estimated present value of lease payments over the lease term and are recognized at the lease commencement date.

As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our estimated incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of lease payments. The estimated incremental borrowing rate is derived from information available at the lease commencement date.

Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. A limited number of our lease agreements include rental payments adjusted periodically for inflation. Our lease agreements generally do not contain residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

For real estate, equipment and vehicles that support selling, marketing and general administrative activities, the Company accounts for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component. These asset categories comprise the majority of our leases. The lease and non-lease components of real estate and equipment leases supporting production activities are not accounted for as a single lease component. Consideration for such contracts are allocated to the lease and non-lease components based upon relative standalone prices either observable or estimated if observable prices are not readily available.



The components of lease expense for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 were as follows:

			Three Months Ended				
Lease expense	Classification	Apr	il 2, 2023		April 3, 2022		
Operating lease cost	Cost of sales or SM&A (1)	\$	12,043	\$	12,787		
Finance lease cost:							
Amortization of ROU assets	Depreciation and amortization (1)		1,862		1,682		
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense, net		1,100		1,017		
Net lease cost (2)		\$	15,005	\$	15,486		

- (1) Supply chain-related amounts were included in cost of sales.
- (2) Net lease cost does not include short-term leases, variable lease costs or sublease income, all of which are immaterial.

Information regarding our lease terms and discount rates were as follows:

	April 2, 2023	December 31, 2022
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)		
Operating leases	14.9	15.0
Finance leases	27.2	27.7
Weighted-average discount rate		
Operating leases	3.4 %	3.2 %
Finance leases	6.1 %	6.1 %

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases were as follows:

Leases	Classification	Ap	April 2, 2023 December 31, 20		
Assets					
Operating lease ROU assets	Other non-current assets	\$	321,284	\$	326,472
Finance lease ROU assets, at cost	Property, plant and equipment, gross		87,117		86,703
Accumulated amortization	Accumulated depreciation		(15,405)		(14,543)
Finance lease ROU assets, net	Property, plant and equipment, net		71,712	'	72,160
Total leased assets		\$	392,996	\$	398,632
Liabilities					
Current					
Operating	Accrued liabilities	\$	32,842	\$	31,787
Finance	Current portion of long-term debt		4,824		4,285
Non-current					
Operating	Other long-term liabilities		289,351		294,849
Finance	Long-term debt	<u></u>	69,495		69,194
Total lease liabilities		\$	396,512	\$	400,115

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

The maturity of our lease liabilities as of April 2, 2023 were as follows:

	О	perating leases	Finance leases	Total
2023 (rest of year)	\$	32,462	\$ 6,722	\$ 39,184
2024		41,087	8,254	49,341
2025		27,794	6,215	34,009
2026		23,698	4,054	27,752
2027		23,770	4,065	27,835
Thereafter		264,559	142,021	406,580
Total lease payments		413,370	171,331	 584,701
Less: Imputed interest		91,177	97,012	188,189
Total lease liabilities	\$	322,193	\$ 74,319	\$ 396,512

Supplemental cash flow and other information related to leases were as follows:

	Three Months Ended				
		April 2, 2023	April 3, 2022		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:					
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	11,281	\$	11,896	
Operating cash flows from finance leases		1,100		1,017	
Financing cash flows from finance leases		1,183		1,050	
ROU assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities:					
Operating leases	\$	3,735	\$	10,266	
Finance leases		292		473	

8. INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES

We invest in partnerships that make equity investments in projects eligible to receive federal historic and renewable energy tax credits. The tax credits, when realized, are recognized as a reduction of tax expense under the flow-through method, at which time the corresponding equity investment is writtendown to reflect the remaining value of the future benefits to be realized. The equity investment write-down is reflected within other (income) expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income (see Note 17).

Additionally, we acquire ownership interests in emerging snacking businesses and startup companies, which vary in method of accounting based on our percentage of ownership and ability to exercise significant influence over decisions relating to operating and financial affairs. These investments afford the Company the rights to distribute brands that the Company does not own to third-party customers primarily in North America. Net sales and expenses of our equity method investees are not consolidated into our financial statements; rather, our proportionate share of earnings or losses are recorded on a net basis within other (income) expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Both equity and cost method investments are reported within other non-current assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We regularly review our investments and adjust accordingly for capital contributions, dividends received and other-than-temporary impairments. Total investments in unconsolidated affiliates were \$145,338 and \$133,029 as of April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

9. BUSINESS REALIGNMENT ACTIVITIES

We periodically undertake business realignment activities designed to increase our efficiency and focus our business in support of our key growth strategies. Costs associated with business realignment activities are classified in our Consolidated Statements of Income as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
		April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022
Cost of sales	\$	1,050	\$	27
Selling, marketing and administrative expense		488		980
Business realignment costs		811		274
Costs associated with business realignment activities	\$	2,349	\$	1,281

Costs recorded by program during the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 related to these activities were as follows:

		Three Months Ended			
	A	pril 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
International Optimization Program:					
Severance and employee benefit costs	\$	811	\$	280	
Other program costs		1,538		1,001	
Total	\$	2,349	\$	1,281	

Amounts classified as liabilities qualifying as exit and disposal costs primarily represent employee-related and certain third-party service provider charges, however, such amounts at April 2, 2023 are not significant.

2020 International Optimization Program

In the fourth quarter of 2020, we commenced a program ("International Optimization Program") to streamline resources and investments in select international markets, including the optimization of our China operating model that will improve our operational efficiency and provide for a strong, sustainable and simplified base going forward.

The International Optimization Program is expected to be completed by the end of 2023, with total pre-tax costs anticipated to be \$50,000 to \$75,000. Cash costs are expected to be \$40,000 to \$65,000, primarily related to workforce reductions of approximately 350 positions outside of the United States, costs to consolidate and relocate production, and third-party costs incurred to execute these activities. The costs and related benefits of the International Optimization Program relate to the International segment. However, segment operating results do not include these business realignment expenses because we evaluate segment performance excluding such costs.

For the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, we recognized total costs associated with the International Optimization Program of \$2,349 and \$1,281, respectively. These charges predominantly included third-party charges in support of our initiative to transform our China operating model, as well as severance and employee benefit costs. Since inception, we have incurred pre-tax charges to execute the program totaling \$52,708.

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10. INCOME TAXES

The majority of our taxable income is generated in the United States and taxed at the United States statutory rate of 21%. The effective tax rates for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 were 22.7% and 21.2%, respectively. Relative to the statutory rate, the 2023 effective tax rate was primarily impacted by state taxes, partially offset by employee share-based payments.

The Company and its subsidiaries file tax returns in the United States, including various state and local returns, and in other foreign jurisdictions. We are routinely audited by taxing authorities in our filing jurisdictions, and a number of these disputes are currently underway, including multi-year controversies at various stages of review, negotiation and litigation in Mexico, China, Canada and the United States. The outcome of tax audits cannot be predicted with certainty, including the timing of resolution or potential settlements. If any issues addressed in our tax audits are resolved in a manner not consistent with management's expectations, we could be required to adjust our provision for income taxes in the period such resolution occurs. Based on our current assessments, we believe adequate provision has been made for all income tax uncertainties. We reasonably expect reductions in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$22,796 within the next 12 months because of the expiration of statutes of limitations and settlements of tax audits.

Inflation Reduction Act

On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA") was signed into law. The IRA enacted a 15% corporate minimum tax on certain corporations and an excise tax on share repurchases after December 31, 2022, and created and extended certain energy-related tax credits and incentives. We currently do not expect the tax-related provisions of the IRA to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements, including our annual effective tax rate, or on our liquidity. We will continue to monitor and assess the impact the IRA may have on our business and financial results.

11. PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Net Periodic Benefit Cost

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits			Other Benefits			
	 Three Mo	nths	Ended	Three Mo	onths Ended		
	 April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Service cost	\$ 3,753	\$	4,853	\$ 54	\$	78	
Interest cost	10,272		5,365	2,093		1,155	
Expected return on plan assets	(12,381)		(12,662)	_		_	
Amortization of prior service credit	(1,414)		(1,413)	_		_	
Amortization of net loss	4,967		2,731	(326)		26	
Settlement loss	_		2,616	_		_	
Total net periodic benefit cost	\$ 5,197	\$	1,490	\$ 1,821	\$	1,259	

We made contributions of \$833 and \$5,699 to the pension plans and other benefits plans, respectively, during the first three months of 2023. In the first three months of 2022, we made contributions of \$3,467 and \$4,991 to our pension plans and other benefit plans, respectively. The contributions in 2023 and 2022 also included benefit payments from our non-qualified pension plans and post-retirement benefit plans.

The non-service cost components of net periodic benefit cost relating to pension and other post-retirement benefit plans is reflected within other (income) expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income (see Note 17).

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12. STOCK COMPENSATION PLANS

Share-based grants for compensation and incentive purposes are made pursuant to the Equity and Incentive Compensation Plan ("EICP"). The EICP provides for grants of one or more of the following stock-based compensation awards to employees, non-employee directors and certain service providers upon whom the successful conduct of our business is dependent:

- Non-qualified stock options ("stock options");
- Performance stock units ("PSUs") and performance stock;
- Stock appreciation rights;
- Restricted stock units ("RSUs") and restricted stock; and
- Other stock-based awards.

The EICP also provides for the deferral of stock-based compensation awards by participants if approved by the Compensation and Human Capital Committee of our Board and if in accordance with an applicable deferred compensation plan of the Company. Currently, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee has authorized the deferral of PSU and RSU awards by certain eligible employees under the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan. Our Board has authorized our non-employee directors to defer any portion of their cash retainer, committee chair fees and RSUs awarded that they elect to convert into deferred stock units under our Directors' Compensation Plan.

At the time stock options are exercised or PSUs and RSUs become payable, Common Stock is issued from our accumulated treasury shares. Dividend equivalents are credited on RSUs on the same date and at the same rate as dividends paid on our Common Stock. Dividend equivalents are charged to retained earnings and included in accrued liabilities until paid.

Awards to employees eligible for retirement prior to the award becoming fully vested are amortized to expense over the period through the date that the employee first becomes eligible to retire and is no longer required to provide service to earn the award. In addition, historical data is used to estimate forfeiture rates and record share-based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest.

For the periods presented, compensation expense for all types of stock-based compensation programs and the related income tax benefit recognized were as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Pre-tax compensation expense	\$ 18,992	\$	15,337	
Related income tax benefit	4,330		3,251	

Compensation expenses for stock compensation plans are primarily included in SM&A expense. As of April 2, 2023, total stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested awards not yet recognized was \$130,091 and the weighted-average period over which this amount is expected to be recognized was approximately 2.2 years.

Stock Options

The exercise price of each stock option awarded under the EICP equals the closing price of our Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the date of grant. Each stock option has a maximum term of 10 years. Grants of stock options provide for pro-rated vesting, typically over a four-year period. Expense for stock options is based on grant date fair value and recognized on a straight-line method over the vesting period, net of estimated forfeitures.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

A summary of activity relating to grants of stock options for the period ended April 2, 2023 is as follows:

Stock Options	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price (per share)	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at beginning of the period	976,634	\$104.36	3.8 years	
Granted	5,215	\$240.90		
Exercised	(149,320)	\$102.78		
Outstanding as of April 2, 2023	832,529	\$105.50	3.9 years	\$ 123,975
Options exercisable as of April 2, 2023	806,474	\$103.28	3.7 years	\$ 121,886

The weighted-average fair value of options granted was \$57.65 and \$37.28 per share for the periods ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively. The fair value was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three Month	s Ended
	April 2, 2023	April 3, 2022
Dividend yields	1.7 %	1.9 %
Expected volatility	20.9 %	21.1 %
Risk-free interest rates	4.1 %	1.9 %
Expected term in years	6.3	6.3

The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$20,566 and \$18,814 for the periods ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively.

Performance Stock Units and Restricted Stock Units

Under the EICP, we grant PSUs to select executives and other key employees. Vesting is contingent upon the achievement of certain performance objectives. We grant PSUs over three-year performance cycles. If we meet targets for financial measures at the end of the applicable three-year performance cycle, we award a resulting number of shares of our Common Stock to the participants. The number of shares may be increased to the maximum or reduced to the minimum threshold based on the results of these performance metrics in accordance with the terms established at the time of the award.

For PSUs granted, the target award is a combination of a market-based total shareholder return and performance-based components. For market-based condition components, market volatility and other factors are taken into consideration in determining the grant date fair value and the related compensation expense is recognized regardless of whether the market condition is satisfied, provided that the requisite service has been provided. For performance-based condition components, we estimate the probability that the performance conditions will be achieved each quarter and adjust compensation expenses accordingly. The performance scores of PSU grants during the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 can range from 0% to 250% of the targeted amounts.

We recognize the compensation expenses associated with PSUs ratably over the three-year term. Compensation expenses are based on the grant date fair value because the grants can only be settled in shares of our Common Stock. The grant date fair value of PSUs is determined based on the Monte Carlo simulation model for the market-based total shareholder return component and the closing market price of the Company's Common Stock on the date of grant for performance-based components.

During the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, we awarded RSUs to certain executive officers and other key employees under the EICP. We also awarded RSUs to non-employee directors.

We recognize the compensation expenses associated with employee RSUs over a specified award vesting period based on the grant date fair value of our Common Stock. We recognize expense for employee RSUs based on the straight-

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line method. The compensation expenses associated with non-employee director RSUs is recognized ratably over the vesting period, net of estimated forfeitures.

A summary of activity relating to grants of PSUs and RSUs for the period ended April 2, 2023 is as follows:

Performance Stock Units and Restricted Stock Units	Number of units	Weighted-average grant date fair value for equity awards (per unit)
Outstanding at beginning of year	1,141,679	\$181.91
Granted	278,578	\$249.74
Performance assumption change (1)	75,977	\$295.81
Vested	(404,264)	\$171.93
Forfeited	(6,004)	\$192.57
Outstanding as of April 2, 2023	1,085,967	\$210.94

(1) Reflects the net number of PSUs above and below target levels based on the performance metrics.

The following table sets forth information about the fair value of the PSUs and RSUs granted for potential future distribution to employees and non-employee directors. In addition, the table provides assumptions used to determine the fair value of the market-based total shareholder return component using the Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant.

	Three Months Ended			
	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Units granted	 278,578		285,563	
Weighted-average fair value at date of grant	\$ 249.74	\$	210.42	
Monte Carlo simulation assumptions:				
Estimated values	\$ 118.90	\$	100.41	
Dividend yields	1.7 %		1.8 %	
Expected volatility	19.2 %		25.3 %	

The fair value of shares vested totaled \$97,304 and \$97,803 for the periods ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively.

Deferred PSUs, deferred RSUs and deferred stock units representing directors' fees totaled 270,694 units as of April 2, 2023. Each unit is equivalent to one share of the Company's Common Stock.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company reports its operations through three reportable segments: (i) North America Confectionery, (ii) North America Salty Snacks and (iii) International. This organizational structure aligns with how our Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") manages our business, including resource allocation and performance assessment, and further aligns with our product categories and the key markets we serve.

- North America Confectionery This segment is responsible for our traditional chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery market position in the United States and Canada. This includes our business in chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery, gum and refreshment products, protein bars, spreads, snack bites and mixes, as well as pantry and food service lines. This segment also includes our retail operations, including Hershey's Chocolate World stores in Hershey, Pennsylvania; New York, New York; Las Vegas, Nevada; Niagara Falls (Ontario) and Singapore, as well as operations associated with licensing the use of certain of the Company's trademarks and products to third parties around the world.
- North America Salty Snacks This segment is responsible for our salty snacking products in the United States. This includes ready-to-eat popcorn, baked and trans fat free snacks, pretzels and other snacks.
- International International is a combination of all other operating segments that are not individually material, including those geographic regions where we operate outside of North America. We currently have operations and manufacture product in Mexico, Brazil, India and Malaysia, primarily for consumers in these regions, and also distribute and sell confectionery products in export markets of Asia, Latin America, Middle East, Europe, Africa and other regions.

For segment reporting purposes, we use "segment income" to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. Segment income excludes unallocated general corporate administrative expenses, unallocated mark-to-market gains and losses on commodity derivatives, business realignment and impairment charges, acquisition-related costs and other unusual gains or losses that are not part of our measurement of segment performance. These items of our operating income are managed centrally at the corporate level and are excluded from the measure of segment income reviewed by the CODM as well as the measure of segment performance used for incentive compensation purposes.

As discussed in Note 5, derivatives used to manage commodity price risk are not designated for hedge accounting treatment. These derivatives are recognized at fair market value with the resulting realized and unrealized (gains) losses recognized in unallocated derivative (gains) losses outside of the reporting segment results until the related inventory is sold, at which time the related gains and losses are reallocated to segment income. This enables us to align the derivative gains and losses with the underlying economic exposure being hedged and thereby eliminate the mark-to-market volatility within our reported segment income.

Certain manufacturing, warehousing, distribution and other activities supporting our global operations are integrated to maximize efficiency and productivity. As a result, assets and capital expenditures are not managed on a segment basis and are not included in the information reported to the CODM for the purpose of evaluating performance or allocating resources. We disclose depreciation and amortization that is generated by segment-specific assets, since these amounts are included within the measure of segment income reported to the CODM.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

Our segment net sales and earnings were as follows:

		Three Months Ended			
	A	pril 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Net sales:					
North America Confectionery	\$	2,452,165	\$	2,217,044	
North America Salty Snacks		269,985		226,122	
International		265,464		223,055	
Total	\$	2,987,614	\$	2,666,221	
Segment income:					
North America Confectionery	\$	887,750	\$	781,885	
North America Salty Snacks		46,792		21,301	
International		55,049		41,979	
Total segment income		989,591		845,165	
Unallocated corporate expense (1)		177,074		150,273	
Unallocated mark-to-market losses (gains) on commodity derivatives		10,244		(27,379)	
Costs associated with business realignment activities (see Note 9)		2,349		1,281	
Operating profit		799,924		720,990	
Interest expense, net (see Note 4)		37,685		33,179	
Other (income) expense, net (see Note 17)		2,983		10,407	
Income before income taxes	\$	759,256	\$	677,404	

(1) Includes centrally-managed (a) corporate functional costs relating to legal, treasury, finance, and human resources, (b) expenses associated with the oversight and administration of our global operations, including warehousing, distribution and manufacturing, information systems and global shared services, (c) non-cash stock-based compensation expense, (d) acquisition-related costs, and (e) other gains or losses that are not integral to segment performance.

Activity within the unallocated mark-to-market adjustment for commodity derivatives is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Net losses (gains) on mark-to-market valuation of commodity derivative positions recognized in income	\$ 10,614	\$	(50,825)	
Net (losses) gains on commodity derivative positions reclassified from unallocated to segment income	(370)		23,446	
Net losses (gains) on mark-to-market valuation of commodity derivative positions recognized in unallocated derivative (gains) losses	\$ 10,244	\$	(27,379)	

As of April 2, 2023, the cumulative amount of mark-to-market gains on commodity derivatives that have been recognized in our consolidated cost of sales and not yet allocated to reportable segments was \$1,511. Based on our forecasts of the timing of the recognition of the underlying hedged items, we expect to reclassify net pre-tax gains on commodity derivatives of \$14,874 to segment operating results in the next twelve months.

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Three Months Ended

(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

Depreciation and amortization expense included within segment income presented above is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
North America Confectionery	\$ 56,	722 \$	55,908	
North America Salty Snacks	17,	580	16,679	
International	6,)58	5,660	
Corporate	17,	339	12,789	
Total	\$ 98,	199 \$	91,036	

Additional information regarding our net sales disaggregated by geographical region is as follows:

	 Three Months Ended			
	 April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Net sales:				
United States	\$ 2,617,923	\$	2,340,646	
All other countries	369,691		325,575	
Total	\$ 2,987,614	\$	2,666,221	

14. TREASURY STOCK ACTIVITY

A summary of our treasury stock activity is as follows:

	Three Months Ended April 2, 2023				
	Shares	Dollars			
			In thousands		
Milton Hershey School Trust repurchase	1,000,000	\$	239,910		
Shares issued for stock options and incentive compensation	(408,873)		(17,013)		
Total net share repurchases	591,127		222,897		
Excise tax associated with net share repurchases (1)	_		2,229		
Net change	591,127	\$	225,126		

(1) A corresponding liability for excise tax associated with net share repurchases is classified on our Consolidated Balance Sheets within accrued liabilities.

In February 2023, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the Milton Hershey School Trust (the "School Trust"), pursuant to which the Company purchased 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock from the School Trust at a price equal to \$239.91 per share, for a total purchase price of \$239,910.

In February 2022, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the School Trust, pursuant to which the Company purchased 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock from the School Trust at a price equal to \$203.35 per share, for a total purchase price of \$203,350.

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In July 2018, our Board of Directors approved a \$500 million share repurchase authorization to repurchase shares of our Common Stock. In May 2021, our Board of Directors approved an additional \$500 million share repurchase authorization. As a result of the February 2023 Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the School Trust, the July 2018 share repurchase authorization was completed and as of April 2, 2023, approximately \$370 million remains available for repurchases under our May 2021 share repurchase authorization. We are authorized to purchase our outstanding shares in open market and privately negotiated transactions. The program has no expiration date and acquired shares of Common Stock will be held as treasury shares. Purchases under approved share repurchase authorizations are in addition to our practice of buying back shares sufficient to offset those issued under incentive compensation plans.

15. CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to certain legal proceedings and claims arising out of the ordinary course of our business, which cover a wide range of matters including trade regulation, product liability, advertising, contracts, environmental issues, patent and trademark matters, labor and employment matters, human and workplace rights matters and tax. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of such proceedings and claims with certainty, in our opinion these matters, both individually and in the aggregate, are not expected to have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

We compute basic earnings per share for Common Stock and Class B common stock using the two-class method. The Class B common stock is convertible into Common Stock on a share-for-share basis at any time. The computation of diluted earnings per share for Common Stock assumes the conversion of Class B common stock using the if-converted method, while the diluted earnings per share of Class B common stock does not assume the conversion of those shares.

	Three Months Ended							
	April 2, 2023				April 3, 2022			
	Com	Common Stock		ass B ion Stock	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock		
Basic earnings per share:								
Numerator:								
Allocation of distributed earnings (cash dividends paid)	\$	153,555	\$	53,801	\$ 132,260	\$	48,824	
Allocation of undistributed earnings		281,044		98,785	257,226		95,168	
Total earnings—basic	\$	434,599	\$	152,586	\$ 389,486	\$	143,992	
Denominator (shares in thousands):								
Total weighted-average shares—basic		147,746		57,114	146,464		59,614	
Earnings Per Share—basic	\$	2.94	\$	2.67	\$ 2.66	\$	2.42	
Diluted earnings per share:								
Numerator:								
Allocation of total earnings used in basic computation	\$	434,599	\$	152,586	\$ 389,486	\$	143,992	
Reallocation of total earnings as a result of conversion of Class B common stock to Common stock		152,586		_	143,992		_	
Reallocation of undistributed earnings		_		(481)	_		(562)	
Total earnings—diluted	\$	587,185	\$	152,105	\$ 533,478	\$	143,430	
Denominator (shares in thousands):								
Number of shares used in basic computation		147,746		57,114	146,464		59,614	
Weighted-average effect of dilutive securities:								
Conversion of Class B common stock to Common shares outstanding		57,114		_	59,614		_	
Employee stock options		503		_	599		_	
Performance and restricted stock units		474		_	593		_	
Total weighted-average shares—diluted		205,837		57,114	207,270		59,614	
Earnings Per Share—diluted	\$	2.85	\$	2.66	\$ 2.57	\$	2.41	

The earnings per share calculations for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022 excluded 8 and 4 stock options (in thousands), respectively, that would have been antidilutive.

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

17. OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE, NET

Other (income) expense, net reports certain gains and losses associated with activities not directly related to our core operations. A summary of the components of other (income) expense, net is as follows:

	 Three Months Ended			
	April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	
Write-down of equity investments in partnerships qualifying for historic and renewable energy tax credits (see Note 8)	\$ 	\$	12,592	
Non-service cost components of net periodic benefit cost relating to pension and other post- retirement benefit plans (see $\underline{\text{Note }11}$)	3,211		(2,182)	
Other (income) expense, net	(228)		(3)	
Total	\$ 2,983	\$	10,407	

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(amounts in thousands, except share data or if otherwise indicated)

18. SUPPLEMENTAL BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

The components of certain asset accounts included within our Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

	April 2, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Inventories:				
Raw materials	\$ 417,847	\$ 372,612		
Goods in process	186,448	137,298		
Finished goods	 851,724	855,217		
Inventories at First In First Out	1,456,019	1,365,127		
Adjustment to Last In First Out	 (275,652)	(192,008)		
Total inventories	\$ 1,180,367	\$ 1,173,119		
Prepaid expenses and other:				
Prepaid expenses	\$ 112,492	\$ 143,888		
Other current assets	 116,054	128,307		
Total prepaid expenses and other	\$ 228,546	\$ 272,195		
Property, plant and equipment:				
Land	\$ 156,401	\$ 155,963		
Buildings	1,546,676	1,545,053		
Machinery and equipment	3,606,174	3,592,251		
Construction in progress	 512,450	416,220		
Property, plant and equipment, gross	5,821,701	5,709,487		
Accumulated depreciation	 (2,999,463)	(2,939,785)		
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 2,822,238	\$ 2,769,702		
Other non-current assets:				
Pension	\$ 53,463	\$ 53,495		
Capitalized software, net	330,035	320,034		
Operating lease ROU assets	321,284	326,472		
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	145,338	133,029		
Other non-current assets	 114,873	111,959		
Total other non-current assets	\$ 964,993	\$ 944,989		

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The components of certain liability and stockholders' equity accounts included within our Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

	 April 2, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Accounts payable:					
Accounts payable—trade	\$ 697,433	\$	636,472		
Supplier finance program obligations	120,277		105,293		
Other	 187,197		228,793		
Total accounts payable	\$ 1,004,907	\$	970,558		
Accrued liabilities:					
Payroll, compensation and benefits	\$ 179,912	\$	293,865		
Advertising, promotion and product allowances	374,853		337,024		
Operating lease liabilities	32,842		31,787		
Other	 192,588		169,842		
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 780,195	\$	832,518		
Other long-term liabilities:					
Post-retirement benefits liabilities	\$ 143,746	\$	147,174		
Pension benefits liabilities	25,776		27,696		
Operating lease liabilities	289,351		294,849		
Other	 253,270		250,023		
Total other long-term liabilities	\$ 712,143	\$	719,742		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (101,424)	\$	(110,364)		
Pension and post-retirement benefit plans, net of tax	(115,781)		(118,254)		
Cash flow hedges, net of tax	 (20,802)		(23,715)		
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (238,007)	\$	(252,333)		

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to provide an understanding of Hershey's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows by focusing on changes in certain key measures from year to year. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. This discussion contains a number of forward-looking statements, all of which are based on current expectations. Actual results may differ materially. Refer to the Safe Harbor Statement below as well as the Risk Factors and other information contained in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K for information concerning the key risks to achieving future performance goals.

The MD&A is organized in the following sections:

- Overview
- <u>Trends Affecting Our Business</u>
- Consolidated Results of Operations
- Segment Results
- Liquidity and Capital Resources
- <u>Safe Harbor Statement</u>

OVERVIEW

Hershey is a global confectionery leader known for making more moments of goodness through chocolate, sweets, mints and other great tasting snacks. We are the largest producer of quality chocolate in North America, a leading snack maker in the United States ("U.S.") and a global leader in chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery. We market, sell and distribute our products under more than 100 brand names in approximately 80 countries worldwide.

Our principal product offerings include chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery products; gum and mint refreshment products and protein bars; pantry items, such as baking ingredients, toppings and beverages; and snack items such as spreads, bars, and snack bites and mixes, popcorn and pretzels.

Business Acquisitions

On April 14, 2023, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire certain assets that provide additional manufacturing capacity from Weaver Popcorn Manufacturing, Inc., a leader in the production and co-packing of microwave popcorn and ready-to-eat popcorn, and a co-manufacturer of the Company's *SkinnyPop* brand. Through the transaction, the Company will mainly acquire property, plant and equipment, as well as leased manufacturing facilities in Indiana and Pennsylvania. The purchase consideration totaled approximately \$164 million and will be financed with cash on hand and short-term borrowings. The acquisition is subject to customary regulatory approvals and is expected to close during the second quarter of 2023.

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TRENDS AFFECTING OUR BUSINESS

Demand for consumer goods has remained strong during the first three months of 2023, with continued positive consumer patterns identified for our products; however, negative macroeconomic conditions, including inflation on inputs to consumer products, labor shortages and demand outpacing supply, have resulted in continued broad-based supply chain disruptions across the U.S. and globally. As a result, we continued to experience corresponding incremental costs and gross margin pressures during the three months ended April 2, 2023 (see Results of Operations included in this MD&A). We are continuing to work closely with our business units, contract manufacturers, distributors, contractors and other external business partners to minimize the potential impact on our business.

In addition to broad-based supply chain disruptions, certain geopolitical events, specifically the conflict between Russia and Ukraine, have increased global economic and political uncertainty. For the three months ended April 2, 2023, this conflict did not have a material impact on our commodity prices or supply availability. However, we are continuing to monitor for any significant escalation or expansion of economic or supply chain disruptions or broader inflationary costs, which may result in material adverse effects on our results of operations.

Net sales and net income increased during the three months ended April 2, 2023, which was primarily driven by strong everyday performance on our core U.S. confection brands and salty snack brands (see Segment Results included in this MD&A), partially offset by the aforementioned supply chain disruptions and gross margin pressures. As of April 2, 2023, we believe we have sufficient liquidity to satisfy our key strategic initiatives and other material cash requirements in both the short-term and in the long-term; however, we continue to evaluate and take action, as necessary, to preserve adequate liquidity and ensure that our business can operate effectively during the current economic environment. We continue to monitor our discretionary spending across the organization (see Liquidity and Capital Resources included in this MD&A).

Based on the length and severity of broad-based supply chain disruptions, fluctuating levels of inflation, changes in consumer shopping and consumption behavior, and the conflict between Russia and Ukraine, we may experience increasing supply chain costs and higher inflation. We will continue to evaluate the nature and extent of these potential and evolving impacts on our business, consolidated results of operations, segment results, liquidity and capital resources.

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CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended April 2, 2023 April 3, 2022 **Percent Change** In millions of dollars except per share amounts Net sales \$ 2,987.6 \$ 2,666.2 12.1 % Cost of sales 1,605.3 1,420.7 13.0 % 1,382.3 1,245.5 11.0 % Gross profit 46.3 % 46.7 % Gross margin 10.9 % Selling, marketing & administrative ("SM&A") expenses 581.6 524.2 19.7 % 19.5 % SM&A expense as a percent of net sales Business realignment activities 0.3 196.0 % 8.0 Operating profit 799.9 721.0 10.9 % Operating profit margin 26.8 % 27.0 % Interest expense, net 37.7 33.2 13.6 % Other (income) expense, net 2.9 10.4 (71.3)% Provision for income taxes 172.1 143.9 19.6 % Effective income tax rate 22.7% 21.2% Net income 587.2 533.5 10.1 % 2.57 2.85 Net income per share—diluted 10.9 %

NOTE: Percentage changes may not compute directly as shown due to rounding of amounts presented above.

NM = not meaningful

Results of Operations - First Quarter 2023 vs. First Quarter 2022

Net Sales

Net sales increased 12.1% in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, reflecting a favorable price realization of 8.9% primarily due to higher list prices, primarily within our North America Confectionery and North America Salty Snacks segments and a volume increase of 3.3% driven by increased consumer demand across reportable segments. These increases were partially offset by an unfavorable impact from foreign currency exchange rates of 0.1%.

Key U.S. Marketplace Metrics

For the first quarter of 2023, our total U.S. retail takeaway increased 12.7% in the expanded multi-outlet combined plus convenience store channels (IRI MULO + C-Stores), which includes candy, mint, gum, salty snacks and grocery items. Our U.S. candy, mint and gum ("CMG") consumer takeaway increased 12.3% and experienced a CMG market share decline of approximately 70 basis points.

The CMG consumer takeaway and market share information reflects measured channels of distribution accounting for approximately 90% of our U.S. confectionery retail business. These channels of distribution primarily include food, drug, mass merchandisers, and convenience store channels, plus Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., partial dollar, club and military channels. These metrics are based on measured market scanned purchases as reported by Information Resources, Incorporated ("IRI"), the Company's market insights and analytics provider, and provide a means to assess our retail takeaway and market position relative to the overall category.

Cost of Sales and Gross Margin

Cost of sales increased 13.0% in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. The increase was driven by higher sales volume, higher supply chain inflation costs, including higher logistics and labor costs and an incremental \$61.4 million of unfavorable mark-to-market activity on our commodity derivative instruments intended

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to economically hedge future years' commodity purchases. The increase was partially offset by favorable price realization and supply chain productivity.

Gross margin decreased by 40 basis points in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. The decrease was driven by unfavorable year-over-year mark-to-market impact from commodity derivative instruments, higher supply chain inflation costs, including higher logistics and labor costs, and unfavorable product mix. These declines were offset by favorable price realization and volume increases.

SM&A Expenses

SM&A expenses increased \$57.4 million, or 10.9%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. Total advertising and related consumer marketing expenses increased 8.8% driven by advertising increases across reportable segments. SM&A expenses, excluding advertising and related consumer marketing, increased approximately 12.1% in the first quarter of 2023 driven by an increase in acquisition and integration related costs, as well as higher compensation costs, investments in capabilities and technology and broad-based marketplace inflation.

Business Realignment Activities

We periodically undertake business realignment activities designed to increase our efficiency and focus our business in support of our key growth strategies. In the first quarter of 2023, we recorded \$0.8 million business realignment costs versus costs of \$0.3 million in the first quarter of 2022 related to the International Optimization Program. This program is focused on optimizing our China operating model to improve our operational efficiency and provide for a strong, sustainable and simplified base going forward. Costs associated with business realignment activities are classified in our Consolidated Statements of Income as described in Note 9 to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Operating Profit and Operating Profit Margin

Operating profit was \$799.9 million in the first quarter of 2023 compared to \$721.0 million in the same period of 2022 predominantly due to higher gross profit, partially offset by higher SM&A expenses, as noted above. Operating profit margin decreased to 26.8% in 2023 from 27.0% in 2022 driven by the same factors noted above that resulted in lower gross margin for the period.

Interest Expense, Net

Net interest expense was \$4.5 million higher in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. The increase was primarily due to higher rates on short-term debt balances in 2023 versus 2022, specifically related to outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

Other (Income) Expense, Net

Other (income) expense, net was \$2.9 million in the first quarter of 2023 versus net expense of \$10.4 million in the first quarter of 2022. The decrease in net expense was primarily due to lower write-downs on equity investments qualifying for tax credits in 2023 versus the first quarter of 2022 and higher non-service cost components of net periodic benefit cost relating to pension and other post-retirement benefit plans.

Income Taxes and Effective Tax Rate

The effective income tax rate was 22.7% for the first quarter of 2023 compared with 21.2% for the first quarter of 2022. Relative to the 21% statutory rate, the 2023 effective tax rate was impacted by state taxes, partially offset by employee share-based payments. Relative to the 21% statutory rate, the 2022 effective tax rate was impacted by state taxes, partially offset by investment tax credits and the benefit of employee share-based payments.

Net Income Attributable to The Hershey Company and Earnings Per Share-diluted

Net income increased \$53.7 million, or 10.1%, while EPS-diluted increased \$0.28, or 10.9%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. The increase in both net income and EPS-diluted was driven primarily by higher gross profit, partially offset by higher SM&A expenses and higher income taxes, as noted above. Our 2023 EPS-diluted also benefited from lower weighted-average shares outstanding as a result of share repurchases pursuant to our Board-approved repurchase programs.

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SEGMENT RESULTS

The summary that follows provides a discussion of the results of operations of our three reportable segments: North America Confectionery, North America Salty Snacks and International. For segment reporting purposes, we use "segment income" to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. Segment income excludes unallocated general corporate administrative expenses, unallocated mark-to-market gains and losses on commodity derivatives, business realignment and impairment charges, acquisition-related costs and other unusual gains or losses that are not part of our measurement of segment performance. These items of our operating income are largely managed centrally at the corporate level and are excluded from the measure of segment income reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker and used for resource allocation and internal management reporting and performance evaluation. Segment income and segment income margin, which are presented in the segment discussion that follows, are non-GAAP measures and do not purport to be alternatives to operating income as a measure of operating performance. We believe that these measures are useful to investors and other users of our financial information in evaluating ongoing operating profitability as well as in evaluating operating performance in relation to our competitors, as they exclude the activities that are not directly attributable to our ongoing segment operations.

Our segment results, including a reconciliation to our consolidated results, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
		April 2, 2023	April 3, 2022	
In millions of dollars				
Net Sales:				
North America Confectionery	\$	2,452.2	\$	2,217.0
North America Salty Snacks		270.0		226.1
International		265.4		223.1
Total	\$	2,987.6	\$	2,666.2
Segment Income:				
North America Confectionery	\$	887.8	\$	781.9
North America Salty Snacks		46.8		21.3
International		55.0		42.0
Total segment income		989.6		845.2
Unallocated corporate expense (1)		177.1		150.3
Unallocated mark-to-market losses (gains) on commodity derivatives (2)		10.2		(27.4)
Costs associated with business realignment activities		2.3		1.3
Operating profit		800.0		721.0
Interest expense, net		37.7		33.2
Other (income) expense, net		3.0		10.4
Income before income taxes	\$	759.3	\$	677.4

- (1) Includes centrally-managed (a) corporate functional costs relating to legal, treasury, finance and human resources, (b) expenses associated with the oversight and administration of our global operations, including warehousing, distribution and manufacturing, information systems and global shared services, (c) non-cash stock-based compensation expense, (d) acquisition-related costs and (e) other gains or losses that are not integral to segment performance.
- (2) Net losses (gains) on mark-to-market valuation of commodity derivative positions recognized in unallocated derivative losses (gains). See Note 13 to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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North America Confectionery

The North America Confectionery segment is responsible for our chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery market position in the United States and Canada. This includes developing and growing our business in chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery, gum and refreshment products, protein bars, spreads, snack bites and mixes, as well as pantry and food service lines. While a less significant component, this segment also includes our retail operations, including Hershey's Chocolate World stores in Hershey, Pennsylvania; New York, New York; Las Vegas, Nevada; Niagara Falls (Ontario) and Singapore, as well as operations associated with licensing the use of certain trademarks and products to third parties around the world. North America Confectionery results, which accounted for 82.1% and 83.1% of our net sales for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

		Three Months Ended			
	A	pril 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	Percent Change
In millions of dollars	·				
Net sales	\$	2,452.2	\$	2,217.0	10.6 %
Segment income		887.8		781.9	13.5 %
Segment margin		36.2 %)	35.3 %	

Results of Operations - First Quarter 2023 vs. First Quarter 2022

Net sales of our North America Confectionery segment increased \$235.2 million, or 10.6%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, reflecting a favorable price realization of 9.5% primarily due to list price increases on certain products across our portfolio and a volume increase of 1.4% due to an increase in everyday core U.S. confection brands. These increases were partially offset by an unfavorable impact from foreign currency exchange rates of 0.3%.

Our North America Confectionery segment also includes licensing and owned retail. This includes our Hershey's Chocolate World stores in the United States (3 locations), Niagara Falls (Ontario) and Singapore. Our net sales for licensing and owned retail increased approximately 21.6% during the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022.

Our North America Confectionery segment income increased \$105.9 million, or 13.5%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, primarily due to favorable price realization and volume increases, partially offset by higher supply chain inflation costs, including higher logistics and labor costs, as well as unfavorable product mix.

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North America Salty Snacks

The North America Salty Snacks segment is responsible for our grocery and snacks market positions, including our salty snacking products. North America Salty Snacks results, which accounted for 9.0% and 8.5% of our net sales for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

		Three Months Ended			
	Ap	ril 2, 2023	April 3, 2022	Percent Change	
In millions of dollars					
Net sales	\$	270.0	\$ 226.1	19.4 %	
Segment income		46.8	21.3	119.7 %	
Segment margin		17.3 %	9.4 %		

Results of Operations - First Quarter 2023 vs. First Quarter 2022

Net sales of our North America Salty Snacks segment increased \$43.9 million, or 19.4%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022. This increase reflects a favorable price realization of 10.9% due to list price increases on certain products across our portfolio, primarily *SkinnyPop* and *Dot's Homestyle Pretzels* snacks, and a volume increase of 8.5% driven primarily by *SkinnyPop* snacks.

Our North America Salty Snacks segment income increased \$25.5 million, or 119.7%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, primarily due to favorable price realization, volume increases and favorable freight costs, partially offset by higher supply chain costs.

International

The International segment includes all other countries where we currently manufacture, import, market, sell or distribute chocolate and non-chocolate confectionery and other products. We currently, have operations and manufacture product in Mexico, Brazil, India and Malaysia, primarily for consumers in these regions, and also distribute and sell confectionery products in export markets of Latin America, as well as Europe, Asia, the Middle East and Africa ("AMEA") and other regions. International results, which accounted for 8.9% and 8.4% of our net sales for the three months ended April 2, 2023 and April 3, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	Three Mo			
	 April 2, 2023		April 3, 2022	Percent Change
In millions of dollars				
Net sales	\$ 265.4	\$	223.1	19.0 %
Segment income	55.0		42.0	31.0 %
Segment margin	20.7 %)	18.8 %	

Results of Operations - First Quarter 2023 vs. First Quarter 2022

Net sales of our International segment increased \$42.3 million, or 19.0%, in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, reflecting a volume increase of 17.4%, a favorable impact from foreign currency exchange rates of 1.5% and a favorable price realization of 0.1%. The volume increase was primarily attributable to solid marketplace growth in Brazil, India and Mexico, where net sales increased by 27.7%, 24.2% and 18.2%, respectively.

Our International segment generated income of \$55.0 million in the first quarter of 2023 compared to \$42.0 million in the first quarter of 2022, driven primarily by favorable price realization and volume increases, partially offset by higher freight and logistics costs.





Unallocated Corporate Expense

Unallocated corporate expense includes centrally-managed (a) corporate functional costs relating to legal, treasury, finance and human resources, (b) expenses associated with the oversight and administration of our global operations, including warehousing, distribution and manufacturing, information systems and global shared services, (c) non-cash stock-based compensation expense, (d) acquisition-related costs and (e) other gains or losses that are not integral to segment performance.

In the first quarter of 2023, unallocated corporate expense totaled \$177.1 million, as compared to \$150.3 million in the first quarter of 2022. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in acquisition and integration related costs, as well as higher compensation costs, investments in capabilities and technology and broad-based marketplace inflation.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Historically, our primary source of liquidity has been cash generated from operations. Domestic seasonal working capital needs, which typically peak during the summer months, are generally met by utilizing cash on hand, bank borrowings or the issuance of commercial paper. Commercial paper may also be issued, from time to time, to finance ongoing business transactions, such as the repayment of long-term debt, business acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.

At April 2, 2023, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$460.3 million, a decrease of \$3.5 million compared to the 2022 year-end balance. Additional detail regarding the net uses of cash are outlined in the following discussion. Additionally, at April 2, 2023, we had outstanding short- and long-term debt totaling \$4.7 billion, of which \$758.1 million was classified as the current portion of long-term debt. Of the \$758.1 million, \$500 million of 3.375% Notes are due upon maturity on May 1, 2023 and \$250 million of 2.625% Notes are due upon maturity on May 15, 2023. We believe we can satisfy these debt obligations with cash generated from our operations, issuing new debt, and/or by borrowing on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

Approximately 90% of the balance of our cash and cash equivalents at April 2, 2023 was held by subsidiaries domiciled outside of the United States. A majority of this balance is distributable to the United States without material tax implications, such as withholding tax. We intend to continue to reinvest the remainder of the earnings outside of the United States for which there would be a material tax implication to distributing for the foreseeable future and, therefore, have not recognized additional tax expense on these earnings. We believe that our existing sources of liquidity are adequate to meet anticipated funding needs at comparable risk-based interest rates for the foreseeable future. Acquisition spending and/or share repurchases could potentially increase our debt. Operating cash flow and access to capital markets are expected to satisfy our various short- and long-term cash flow requirements, including acquisitions and capital expenditures.

Cash Flow Summary

The following table is derived from our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	Three Months Ended			
In millions of dollars	Apr	il 2, 2023		April 3, 2022
Net cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$	755.4	\$	656.5
Investing activities		(188.3)		(164.0)
Financing activities		(552.2)		(463.5)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(18.4)		(20.2)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(3.5)	\$	8.8

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Operating activities

We generated cash of \$755.4 million from operating activities in the first three months of 2023, an increase of \$98.9 million compared to \$656.5 million in the same period of 2022. This increase in net cash provided by operating activities was mainly driven by the following factors:

- Timing of income tax payments contributed to an increase in operating cash of \$174.2 million in 2023, compared to \$127.3 million in 2022. This \$46.9 million fluctuation was primarily due to the variance in actual tax expense for 2023 relative to the timing of quarterly estimated tax payments. We paid cash of \$12.3 million for income taxes during 2023 compared to \$10.0 million in the same period of 2022.
- Net income adjusted for non-cash charges to operations (including depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation, deferred income taxes, a write-down of equity investments and other charges) resulted in \$33.9 million of higher cash flow in 2023 relative to 2022.

Investing activities

We used cash of \$188.3 million for investing activities in the first three months of 2023, an increase of \$24.3 million compared to \$164.0 million in the same period of 2022. This increase in net cash used in investing activities was mainly driven by the following factors:

- Capital spending. Capital expenditures, including capitalized software, primarily to support our ERP system implementation, capacity expansion, innovation and cost savings, were \$176.1 million in the first three months of 2023 compared to \$141.1 million in the same period of 2022. Expenditures increased due to progress on capacity expansion projects and our ERP system implementation. We expect 2023 capital expenditures, including capitalized software, to approximate \$800 million to \$900 million. The increase in our 2023 capital expenditures is largely driven by our key strategic initiatives, including core confection capacity expansion and continued investments in a digital infrastructure including the build and upgrade of a new ERP system across the enterprise. We intend to use our existing cash and internally generated funds to meet our 2023 capital requirements.
- Investments in partnerships qualifying for tax credits. We make investments in partnership entities that in turn make equity investments in projects eligible to receive federal historic and renewable energy tax credits. We invested approximately \$12.3 million in the first three months of 2023, compared to \$22.5 million in the same period of 2022.

Financing activities

We used cash of \$552.2 million for financing activities in the first three months of 2023, an increase of \$88.7 million compared to \$463.5 million in the same period of 2022. This increase in net cash used in financing activities was mainly driven by the following factors:

- Short-term borrowings, net. In addition to utilizing cash on hand, we use short-term borrowings (commercial paper and bank borrowings) to fund seasonal working capital requirements and ongoing business needs. During the first three months of 2023, we used cash of \$90.7 million to reduce a portion of our short-term commercial paper borrowings, partially offset by an increase in short-term foreign bank borrowings. During the first three months of 2022, we used cash of \$65.6 million to reduce a portion of our short-term commercial paper borrowings originally used to fund our 2021 acquisitions of Dot's and Pretzels, partially offset by an increase in short-term foreign bank borrowings.
- Long-term debt borrowings and repayments. During the first three months of 2023 and the first three months of 2022, long-term debt borrowings and repayments were minimal.
- *Dividend payments*. Total dividend payments to holders of our Common Stock and Class B Common Stock were \$207.4 million during the first three months of 2023, an increase of \$26.3 million compared to \$181.1 million in the same period of 2022. Details regarding our 2023 cash dividends paid to stockholders are as follows:

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	 Quarter Ended
In millions of dollars except per share amounts	April 2, 2023
Dividends paid per share – Common stock	\$ 1.036
Dividends paid per share – Class B common stock	\$ 0.942
Total cash dividends paid	\$ 207.4
Declaration date	January 31, 2023
Record date	February 17, 2023
Payment date	March 15, 2023

Share repurchases. We repurchase shares of Common Stock to offset the dilutive impact of treasury shares issued under our equity compensation plans. The value of these share repurchases in a given period varies based on the volume of stock options exercised and our market price. In addition, we periodically repurchase shares of Common Stock pursuant to Board-authorized programs intended to drive additional stockholder value. Details regarding our share repurchases are as follows:

In February 2023, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the Milton Hershey School Trust (the "School Trust"), pursuant to which the Company purchased 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock from the Milton Hershey School Trust at a price equal to \$239.91 per share, for a total purchase price of \$239.9 million.

In February 2022, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the School Trust, pursuant to which the Company purchased 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock from the Milton Hershey School Trust at a price equal to \$203.35 per share, for a total purchase price of \$203.4 million.

In July 2018, our Board of Directors approved a \$500 million share repurchase authorization. In May 2021, our Board of Directors approved an additional \$500 million share repurchase authorization. As a result of the February 2023 Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the School Trust, the July 2018 share repurchase authorization was completed and as of April 2, 2023, approximately \$370 million remained available for repurchases under our May 2021 share repurchase authorization. The share repurchase program does not have an expiration date. We expect 2023 share repurchases to be in line with our traditional buyback strategy.

• Proceeds from exercised stock options and employee tax withholding. During the first three months of 2023, we received \$15.2 million from employee exercises of stock options and paid \$28.3 million of employee taxes withheld from share-based awards. During the first three months of 2022, we received \$16.7 million from employee exercises of stock options and paid \$29.0 million of employee taxes withheld from share-based awards. Variances are driven primarily by the number of shares exercised and the share price at the date of grant.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Information on recently adopted and issued accounting standards is included in Note 1 to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Safe Harbor Statement

We are subject to changing economic, competitive, regulatory and technological risks and uncertainties that could have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In connection with the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we note the following factors that, among others, could cause future results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements, expectations and assumptions that we have discussed directly or implied in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Many of these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "future," "intend," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "strategy," "target" and similar terms, and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will" and "would," among others.

The factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results projected in our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to the following:

- Our Company's reputation or brand image might be impacted as a result of issues or concerns relating to the quality and safety of our products, ingredients or packaging, human and workplace rights, and other environmental, social or governance matters, which in turn could result in litigation or otherwise negatively impact our operating results;
- Disruption to our manufacturing operations or supply chain could impair our ability to produce or deliver finished products, resulting in a negative impact on our operating results;
- · We might not be able to hire, engage and retain the talented global workforce we need to drive our growth strategies;
- Risks associated with climate change and other environmental impacts, and increased focus and evolving views of our customers, stockholders and other stakeholders on climate change issues, could negatively affect our business and operations;
- Increases in raw material and energy costs along with the availability of adequate supplies of raw materials could affect future financial results;
- Price increases may not be sufficient to offset cost increases and maintain profitability or may result in sales volume declines associated with pricing elasticity;
- · Market demand for new and existing products could decline;
- Increased marketplace competition could hurt our business;
- Our financial results may be adversely impacted by the failure to successfully execute or integrate acquisitions, divestitures and joint ventures;
- Our international operations may not achieve projected growth objectives, which could adversely impact our overall business and results of operations;
- We may not fully realize the expected cost savings and/or operating efficiencies associated with our strategic initiatives or restructuring programs, which may have an adverse impact on our business;
- Changes in governmental laws and regulations could increase our costs and liabilities or impact demand for our products;
- Political, economic and/or financial market conditions, including impacts on our business arising from the conflict between Russia and Ukraine, could negatively impact our financial results;

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- · Disruptions, failures or security breaches of our information technology infrastructure could have a negative impact on our operations;
- Complications with the design or implementation of our new enterprise resource planning system could adversely impact our business and operations; and
- Such other matters as discussed in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including Part II, Item 1A,
 "Risk Factors."

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect actual results, changes in expectations or events or circumstances after the date this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is filed.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The total amount of short-term debt, net of cash, amounted to net debt of \$142.7 million and net debt of \$230.0 million, at April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates applied to this variable-rate short-term debt as of April 2, 2023 would have changed interest expense by approximately \$0.4 million for the first three months of 2023 and \$4.5 million for 2022.

We consider our current risk related to market fluctuations in interest rates on our remaining debt portfolio, excluding fixed-rate debt converted to variable rates with fixed-to-floating instruments, to be minimal since this debt is largely long-term and fixed-rate in nature. Generally, the fair market value of fixed-rate debt will increase as interest rates fall and decrease as interest rates rise. A 100 basis point increase in market interest rates would decrease the fair value of our fixed-rate long-term debt at April 2, 2023 and December 31, 2022 by approximately \$208 million and \$187 million, respectively. However, since we currently have no plans to repurchase our outstanding fixed-rate instruments before their maturities, the impact of market interest rate fluctuations on our long-term debt does not affect our results of operations or financial position.

The potential decline in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts resulting from a hypothetical near-term adverse change in market rates of 10% was \$15.0 million as of April 2, 2023 and \$18.4 million as of December 31, 2022, generally offset by a reduction in foreign exchange associated with our transactional activities.

Our open commodity derivative contracts had a notional value of \$172.3 million as of April 2, 2023 and \$243.0 million as of December 31, 2022. At the end of the first quarter of 2023, the potential change in fair value of commodity derivative instruments, assuming a 10% decrease in the underlying commodity price, would have increased our net unrealized losses by \$16.4 million, generally offset by a reduction in the cost of the underlying commodity purchases.

Other than as described above, market risks have not changed significantly from those described in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of April 2, 2023. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of April 2, 2023.

We rely extensively on information systems and technology to manage our business and summarize operating results. We are in the process of a multi-year implementation of a new global enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system, which will replace our existing operating and financial systems. The ERP system is designed to accurately maintain the Company's financial records, enhance operational functionality and provide timely information to the Company's management team related to the operation of the business. The implementation is expected to occur in phases over the next several years. During the third quarter of 2022, we completed the implementation of our new ERP system for one operating segment which is included in our International segment. The portion of the transition to the new ERP system which we have completed to date did not result in significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting. However, as the next phases of the updated processes are rolled out in connection with the ERP implementation, we will give appropriate consideration to whether these process changes necessitate changes in the design of and testing for effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 2, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Information on legal proceedings is included in Note 15 to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

When evaluating an investment in our Common Stock, investors should consider carefully, among other things, the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and the information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other reports and registration statements filed with the SEC.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table shows the purchases of shares of Common Stock made by or on behalf of Hershey, or any "affiliated purchaser" (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) of Hershey, for each fiscal month in the three months ended April 2, 2023:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)
		_		 (in thousands of dollars)
January 1 through January 29	_	\$ _	_	\$ 609,983
January 30 through February 26	1,000,000	\$ 239.91	<u> </u>	\$ 370,073
February 27 through April 2	_	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$ 370,073
Total	1,000,000	\$ 239.91		

- (1) During the three months ended April 2, 2023, no shares of Common Stock were purchased in open market transactions in connection with our standing authorization to buy back shares sufficient to offset those issued under incentive compensation plans, which authorization does not have a dollar or share limit and is not included in our share repurchase authorizations described in the following note (2). In February 2023, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the Milton Hershey School Trust, pursuant to which the Company purchased 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock from the Milton Hershey School Trust at a price equal to \$239.91 per share, for a total purchase price of \$239.9 million.
- (2) In July 2018, our Board of Directors approved a \$500 million share repurchase authorization. In May 2021, our Board of Directors approved an additional \$500 million share repurchase authorization. As a result of the February 2023 Stock Purchase Agreement with Hershey Trust Company, as trustee for the Milton Hershey School Trust, the July 2018 share repurchase authorization program was completed and as of April 2, 2023 approximately \$370 million remains available for repurchase under the May 2021 share repurchase authorization. The share repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

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Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	The Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, is incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 3, 2005.
<u>3.2</u>	The Company's By-laws, as amended and restated as of February 21, 2017, are incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.
<u>10.1</u>	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated February 13, 2023, between Milton Hershey School Trust, by its trustee, Hershey Trust Company, and The Hershey Company, is incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 15, 2023.
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Michele G. Buck, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Steven E. Voskuil, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Michele G. Buck, Chief Executive Officer, and Steven E. Voskuil, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
104	The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 2, 2023, formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

- * Filed herewith
- ** Furnished herewith





SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE HERSHEY COMPANY (Registrant)

Date: April 27, 2023 /s/ Steven E. Voskuil

Steven E. Voskuil

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: April 27, 2023 /s/ Jennifer L. McCalman

Jennifer L. McCalman

Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer)

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CERTIFICATION

- I, Michele G. Buck, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of The Hershey Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MICHELE G. BUCK

Michele G. Buck Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) April 27, 2023

The Hershey Company | Q1 2023 Form 10-Q | Exhibit 31.1



CERTIFICATION

I, Steven E. Voskuil, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of The Hershey Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/S/ STEVEN E. VOSKUIL

Steven E. Voskuil Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) April 27, 2023

The Hershey Company | Q1 2023 Form 10-Q | Exhibit 31.2



CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officers of The Hershey Company (the "Company") hereby certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 2, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 27, 2023

/s/ MICHELE G. BUCK

Michele G. Buck
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: April 27, 2023

/s/ STEVEN E. VOSKUIL

Steven E. Voskuil
Chief Financial Officer

Steven E. Voskuil Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The Hershey Company | Q1 2023 Form 10-Q | Exhibit 32.1